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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/044,713	01/12/2002	Vinh N. Le	180577-00160	1264	
31013	7590 10/18/2005		EXAMINER		
	EVIN NAFTALIS & FRA	NECKEL, ALEXA DOROSHENK			
	JAL PROPERTY DEPART E OF THE AMERICAS	MENI	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEW YORK,	NY 10036		1764		
			DATE MAILED: 10/18/200:	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Amelia att			
		Application No.	•	Applicant(s)	
0 #:	C	10/044,713		LE, VINH N.	
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit	_
		Alexa D. Neckel		1764	
The MAILING DA	ATE of this communication	appears on the cove	r sheet with the co	rrespondence address	
WHICHEVER IS LONG - Extensions of time may be avafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the If NO period for reply is specifing a Failure to reply within the set	UTORY PERIOD FOR RE BER, FROM THE MAILING ailable under the provisions of 37 CF ne mailing date of this communication ied above, the maximum statutory pe or extended period for reply will, by st ce later than three months after the m	B DATE OF THIS CO R 1.136(a). In no event, how riod will apply and will expire abute, cause the application to	OMMUNICATION. ever, may a reply be time SIX (6) MONTHS from the	ly filed e mailing date of this communica	
Status	ii. 3ee 37 CFR 1.704(b).				
1) Responsive to co	mmunication(s) filed on 2	8 July 2005.			
2a)⊠ This action is FIN		his action is non-fina	al.		
3) Since this applica	ation is in condition for allo			ecution as to the merits	e ie
	ance with the practice und				, 13
Disposition of Claims					
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	s/are pending in the applic		- 4 ° - · · ·		
5) Claim(s) is	claim(s) is/are with	arawn from considera	ation.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/ar					
7) Claim(s) is	=				
	re subject to restriction an	d/or cloation requires			
	re subject to restriction an	a/or election requirer	nent.		
Application Papers					
	s objected to by the Exam				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) file	ed on <u>20 February 2003</u> is	are: a)⊠ accepted	or b)□ objected t	o by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not r	equest that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held	in abeyance. See 3	7 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawi	ng sheet(s) including the cor	ection is required if the	drawing(s) is object	ted to. See 37 CFR 1.121	l(d).
11) I he oath or declar	ation is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the	attached Office A	ction or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119				
12) Acknowledgment i a) All b) Some	s made of a claim for fore e * c)□ None of:	gn priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d	d) or (f).	
 Certified co 	pies of the priority docume	ents have been recei	ved.	•	
	pies of the priority docume			No	
Copies of the	ne certified copies of the p	iority documents ha	ve been received	in this National Stage	
application	from the International Bure	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•	
* See the attached de	etailed Office action for a l	st of the certified cop	pies not received.		
ttachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 1	nterview Summary (P1	⁻ O-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Pate Information Disclosure State	ent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ment(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	F	aper No(s)/Mail Date.	·	
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Patent and Trademark Office					
OL-326 (Rev. 7-05)	Office	Action Summary	Part o	f Paper No./Mail Date 20051	017

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 4, 5 and 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Le Diouron (4,538,423) in view of Wisniewski et al. (6,196,296).

With respect to claims 1, 4, 5, 7 and 8, Le Diouron discloses and apparatus comprising:

a reactor shell (1) having an inlet end tube sheet (17) and an outlet end tube sheet (3);

the shell having an internal reaction zone (not numbered, see figure 2) between the tube sheets (3 and 17);

at least one thermally conductive heat pipe (2) extending between the sheets (3 and 17) and the pipe extending through one of the tube sheets (see figures 2 and 4);

the reactor (1) having an inlet (4) and outlet (5) from the reaction zone;

a plurality of thermally conductive extended heat transfer surfaces (13) mounted to the heat pipe (2) for receiving the heat of the reactants and conveying it to the heat pipe and the surfaces forming channels for the flow of reactants in the zone (col. 2, lines 35-40); and

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the heat pipe (2) having an evaporation section within the reaction zone (col. 5, lines 10-15) and containing a liquid heat transfer fluid (col. 2, lines 19-22).

While Le Diouron discloses all of the structure as discussed above, including having fins, Le Diouron fails to disclose any particular fin shape or design in the apparatus.

Wisniewski et al. teach a heat exchange device with a central heating/cooling pipe (8) with fins (6) attached thereto (col. 3, lines 5-8) of any shape (col. 3, lines 55-57) and the fins contain heat transfer fluid (col. 2, lines 34-36). Wisniewski et al. teach that this arrangement enhances heat transfer as well as achieves more rapid heat transfer (col. 2, lines 36-55). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the fins having heat transfer fluid within them for the fins of Le Diouron in order to achieve enhanced heat transfer and more rapid heat transfer.

With respect to claim 2, Le Diouron further discloses wherein the heat pipe (2) is a sealed heat pipe (col. 2, lines 7-11) and the end which extends (7) through the tube sheet (3) is a condenser (col. 5, lines 10-15).

3. Claim 1, 3, 6 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Grunes et al. (4,393,663) in view of Wisniewski et al. (6,196,296).

With respect to claims 1, 6 and 9, Grunes et al. discloses and apparatus comprising:

a reactor shell (17) having an inlet end tube sheet (32) and an outlet end tube sheet (36);

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the shell having an internal reaction zone (16) between the tube sheets (32 and 36);

at least one thermally conductive heat pipe (41) extending between the sheets (32 and 36) and the pipe extending through one of the tube sheets (see figure 3, via 34);

the reactor (17), in order to be operational, inherently has an inlet and outlet from the reaction zone;

a plurality of thermally conductive extended heat transfer surfaces (41) mounted to the heat pipe (41) for receiving the heat of the reactants and conveying it to the heat pipe and the surfaces forming channels for the flow of reactants in the zone (see figure 3); and

the heat pipe (41) having an evaporation section (112) within the reaction zone (17) and containing a liquid heat transfer fluid (col. 5, lines 16-18).

While Grunes et al. disclose all of the structure as discussed above, including having fins, Grunes et al. fail to disclose any particular fin shape or design in the apparatus.

Wisniewski et al. teach a heat exchange device with a central heating/cooling pipe (8) with fins (6) attached thereto (col. 3, lines 5-8) of any shape (col. 3, lines 55-57) and the fins contain heat transfer fluid (col. 2, lines 34-36). Wisniewski et al. teach that this arrangement enhances heat transfer as well as achieves more rapid heat transfer (col. 2, lines 36-55). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the fins having heat transfer fluid within them for the

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fins of Grunes et al. in order to achieve enhanced heat transfer and more rapid heat transfer.

With respect to claim 3, Grunes et al. further discloses wherein the heat pipe (41) is a thermosyphon heat pipe (col. 1, lines 6-8) which had a first end (18) which extends through the outlet tube sheet (36) and a second end (24) which extends through the inlet tube sheet (32), and the first (18) and second (24) ends are in fluid communication with a heat exchanger (14).

Response to Arguments

Specification

The objection to the specification is withdrawn due to applicant's amendment.

Drawings

The objection to the drawings is withdrawn due to applicant's cancellation of claims 16-18.

35 USC 112, Second Paragraph

The rejections under 35 USC 112, second paragraph are withdrawn due to applicant's amendments to the claims.

35 USC 102

Applicant argues that the device of Le Diouron does not operate at near isothermal conditions and therefore does not read on the reactor of the instant claims.

The examiner respectfully disagrees. An apparatus claim covers what a device is, not what a device does. MPEP 2114. Such an operational condition or intended use

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is not given patentable weight in the claim. The art as applied above discloses all of the recited structural limitations.

Applicant argues that Gruens does not disclose tube sheets.

The examiner respectfully disagrees. The headers of Gruens are equivalent structures to tube sheets in that can be seen in the figures as supporting the tubes of the device.

35 USC 103

Applicant argues that Wisniewski does not disclose sealed heat tubes, but that the heat tubes of Wisniewski have openings (disclosed in Figure 11).

The examiner have reviewed Wisniewski's description of Figure 11, col. 9, line 55- col. 10, line 9 and does not see anywhere that discusses openings in the fins which contain heating fluid.

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Alexa D. Neckel whose telephone number is 571-272-

1446. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday from 9:00 AM -

7:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on 571-272-1444. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alexa D. Neckel Examiner

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October 17, 2005

Head Decke ?

PRIMARY EXAMINER